

The Evolution of Computer Generated Forces (CGF) Architectures to Support Information Warfare Effects

Presentation to NMSG-143 20-21 October 2016 Bucharest, Romania

Mark G Hazen, DRDC Jon P Lloyd, Dstl Evan Harris, CAE

1



Content

- Introduction Workshop
- Requirements
- Current Technology
- Conceptual Models
- Architecture
- Design Issues
- R&D Needs
- Conclusions

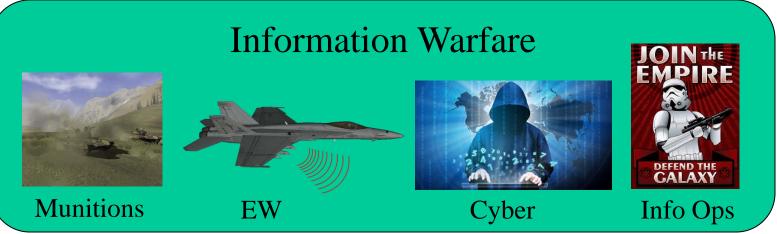


TTCP JSA TP2

- TTCP Modeling and Simulation as a technology panel
- KTA3 Synthetic Forces
- Workshop:
 - Implementation of Information Layer Warfare Effects in Computer Generated Forces (CGF) Simulations
 - 25-27 April 2016
 - DRDC Ottawa Research Centre, Ottawa.
 - 17 scientists and industry representatives, 5 nations



M&S Issue



- Commanders need to know how to defend and employ Information Warfare and non-kinetic capabilities.
- Training systems are needed for both Specialists and common soldier.
- But how well are non-kinetic / Information Warfare Effects represented in CGF or federations?
 AND, we need to reduce the complexity and cost of setting up and using our simulations



Information Warfare

Attacks

- EW
 - Jamming,
 - Interception,
 - False information
- Cyber
 - Denial of service
 - Modification of information
 - Creation of information
 - Theft of information
 - Surveillance
- Influence Operations
 - Social Media campaigns
 - Hearts and Minds
 - Espionage

Effects

• Primary

- Disrupted flow of information
- Intercepted information
- Changed information
- Created false information
- Secondary
 - Changed decision making and biases
 - Adversary better informed
- Tertiary
 - Slower reactions (org/unit)
 - Loss of trust in people & systems



Information Layer Requirements

- Primary effects are on information content and information flow.
- Secondary and tertiary effects are on decision making and behaviour
- Observation of effects is at tertiary level in unit reaction or lack of reaction to the situation.
- Need to model the information content that will affect decision-making and unit behaviour.



Current Technology

Computer Generated Forces

- Rudimentary communications networks
- Often perfect coms of reports with no uncertainty
- Simple C2 hierarchies
- Limited AI relies heavily on Human Interactor
- No representation of persistent information Database.
- API may expose a transmission event (Emission PDU) but not the content.
- Simplistic EW models, if at all.
- Usually no Cyber models.

EW Simulators

- Can model EW Attacks, Jamming, Radar, etc
- Scripts to generate content for Coms EW
- Generate EM COP from CGF

3rd Party AI

- Automate Pattern-of-life background clutter
- May provide Military Doctrine
- Entities may have "Attitude" – subject to Influence Ops
- Do not include electronic Tx
- Do not react to EW/Cyber

Cyber Ranges

- Able to test real threats on isolated real systems & networks
- Too high fidelity for most M&S - only need effect

Network Emulators

- Represent radio and wired networks
- Allow Human controlled cyber attacks to disrupt information flow
- Do not understand transmission content

Can these all be integrated together? We need to reduce the complexity and cost of setting up and using our simulations!



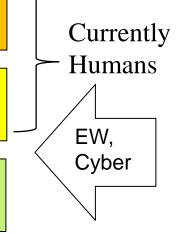
Initial Concept Architecture

Cognition/decision making layer (represents decision makers) conscious decision-making or non-strict doctrinal, morale

Information layer (perceived/actual state of current, expectations) reports, orders, opinion, databases

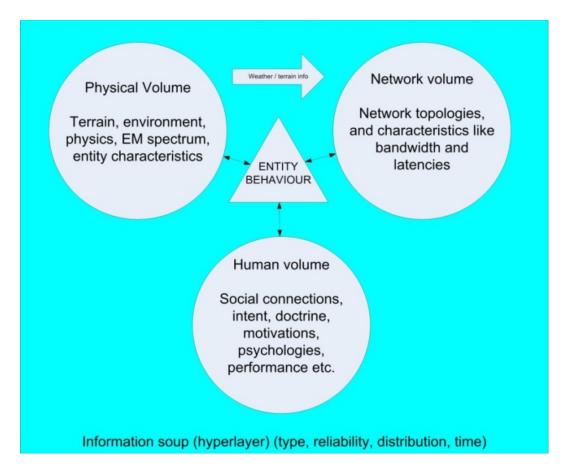
Communications network layer (computer, radio, social networks) Movement of information, time lags, atmospheric effects

Physical Layer (Current CGF physical/kinetic effects) units, terrain, weather, movement, weapon effects



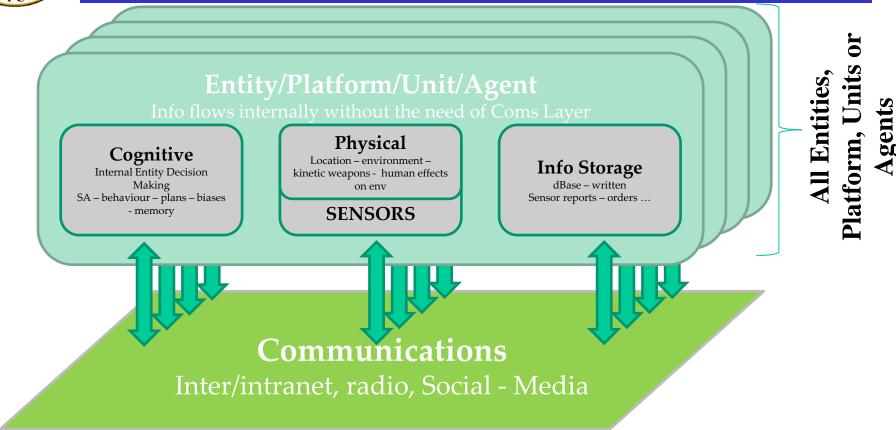


Information Space View



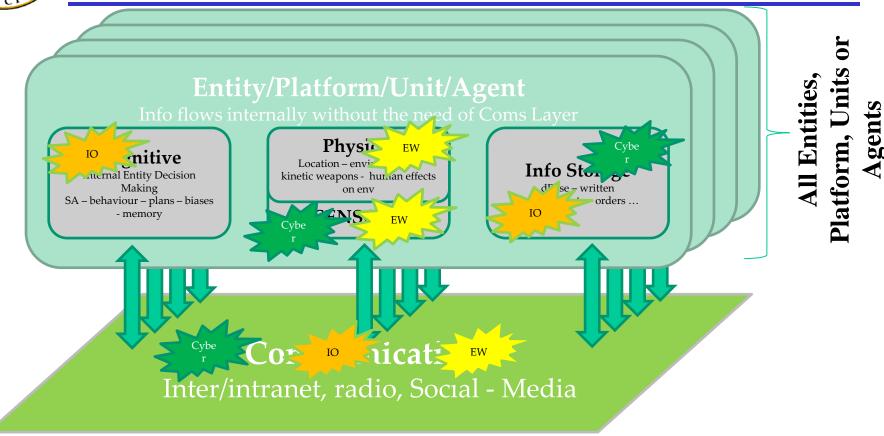


Entity Point of View

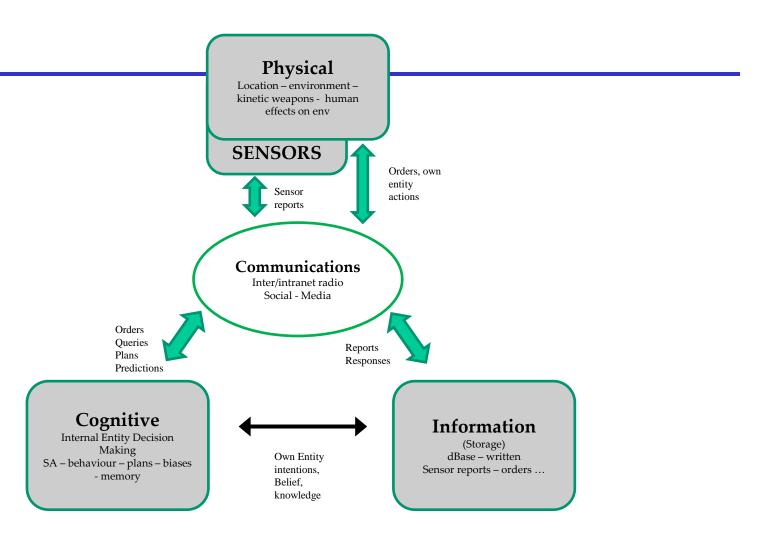


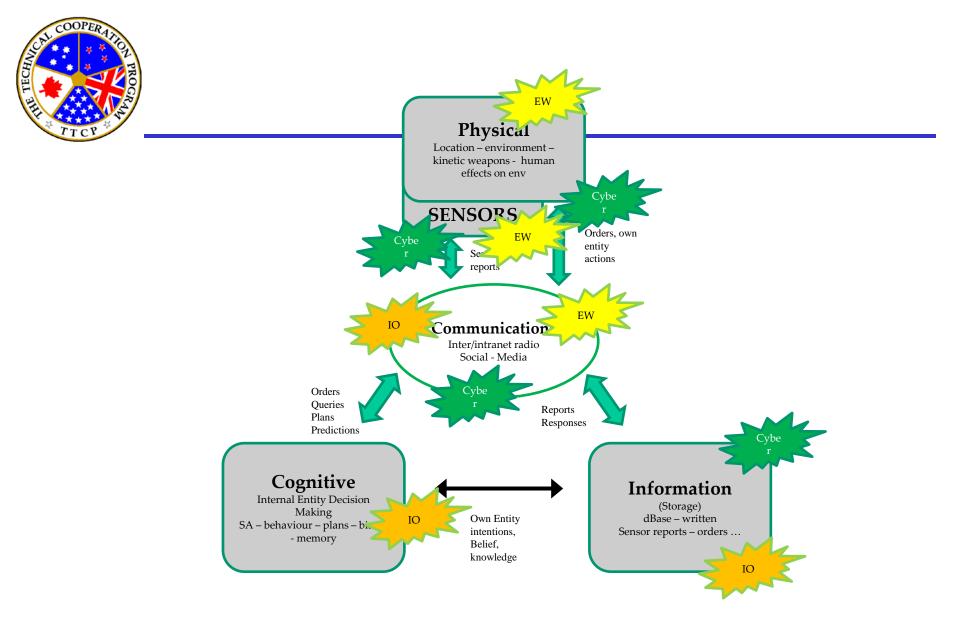


Entity Point of View



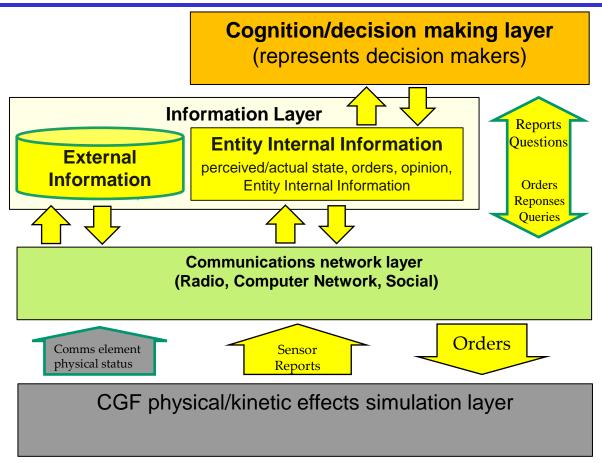








IW Architecture





Complexity vs Human Involvement

- Increased complexity of scenarios
 - Socio Political Economic
 - Military Security Civilian Non-governmental
- Cost of Human interactors already too high to run even small exercises as often as required
- Cost of scenario development too high both in terms of money, time and VVA
- Need automation of validated unit behaviour and decision-making, coupled with re-use of scenario data.
 - Complex fake worlds
 - Use of classified data from real world
 - Hybrid (?)

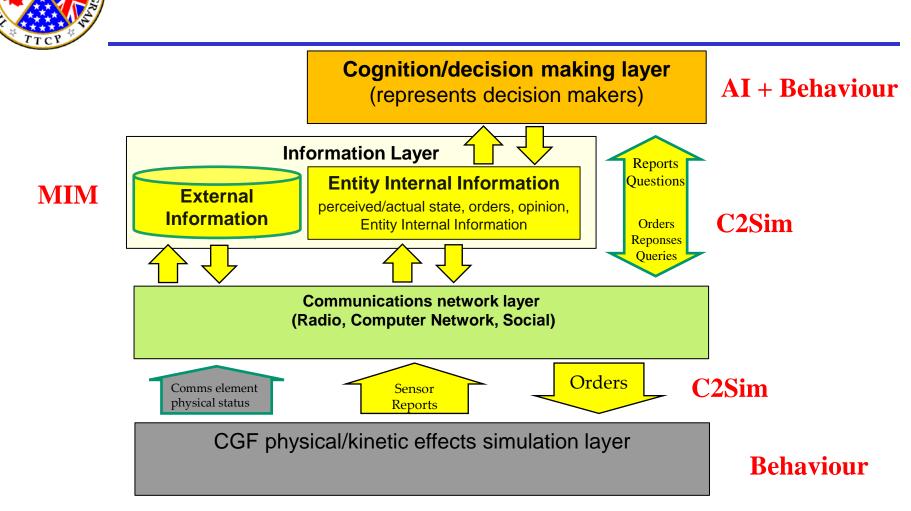


Design Issues to be addressed

- Determine layer functionality specifications
- Framework for partitioning functionality into services
- Inter and Intra-layer interface standards
- What is the basic (default) infrastructure required for a meaningful instantiation?
- Behaviour characterization
 - Standards for describing
 - Methodologies for translation between CGF
- Information content models
 - MIP Information Model
 - MetaData for content

What's Next

COOPER





What's Next

- Community development of IW architecture
- Advance the parts:
 - How applicable is the MIM for M&S applications
 - MSG-145/SISO C2Sim supporting order content, and interoperable specification of behaviour
 - MSG-127 on description of Human Behaviour Modelling
 - IST-121 on Autonomous CGF entities
 - MSG-136 on MSaaS



Conclusions

- In order to model Information Warfare issues an engagement model is needed that explicitly includes information.
- An initial high level architecture has been proposed
- A lot of the pieces are being investigated
 NATO, SISO, MIP, TTCP
- But needs coordination and a common architecture to avoid too many proprietary non-interoperable solutions
- NATO ET to look at the Information and Decision-Making layers.